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VOL. 42.—NO. 136.

ST. LOUIS, WEDNESDAY EVENING, MARCH 11, 1891.—TEN PAGES.

"Sunlight," a most beautiful favorite, is what every Want Advertiser in the next SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH will get.

PRICE, FIVE CENTS. BY CARRIER, FIFTEEN CENTS A WEEK.

RIPE FOR REVOLT.

Fears of Serious Trouble Over Household Suffrage in Brussels.

TROOPS KEPT ON THE ALERT TO SUPPRESS A POSSIBLE OUTBREAK.

Germany's Dispute With Switzerland.—Combination of Colliery Owners—German Socialists Elated—Italy's Overtures to the Vatican—The French Tariff Bill—Foreign News.

BRUSSELS, March 11.—The decision of the Cabinet in favor of household suffrage, instead of allaying has aggravated discontent, especially in Brussels, where comparatively few working men occupy the large houses, the large majority being crowded in buildings that hold several families each. In the lower quarters of the city there are signs of dangerous discontent and the Socialists are speaking out more boldly than ever before. The Government is aware of the danger, and the troops are kept on the alert to deal with an insurrection. The Government is aware of the danger, and the troops are kept on the alert to deal with an insurrection. The Government is aware of the danger, and the troops are kept on the alert to deal with an insurrection.

Germany's Dispute With Switzerland.

BERLIN, March 11.—The German Foreign Office is not prepared to address any apology to Switzerland for the arrest of Hengster, the Swiss engineer, who used disrespectful language on Swiss territory regarding the Emperor William. When Hengster uttered the language he was at the Swiss end of a bridge that was in course of building. When his work took him to the German end of the bridge he was arrested and afterwards released. The Swiss Government at once decided to ask an explanation, but later reconsidered this determination and addressed a remonstrance to Germany. It is claimed that Hengster's words were not intended as an insult to the German Government, but as an offense on the German territory.

THE GERMAN COLLIERY OWNERS. BERLIN, March 11.—The German colliery owners have formed a combination for self-protection, similar to the Shipping Federation in Great Britain. They are pledged to act as a unit against any measure which the majority does not include all the mines, all are to join in bearing the burden of defense. The combination is denouncing any attempt to strike that does not include all the mines, all are to join in bearing the burden of defense. The combination is denouncing any attempt to strike that does not include all the mines, all are to join in bearing the burden of defense.

BERLIN, March 11.—The Socialists, notwithstanding the warnings of the Kaiser, do not hide their elation at the defeat of the Kaiser's naval plans, and claim part of the credit for bringing the defeat about. Their organs are outpouring in denouncing any attempt to strike that does not include all the mines, all are to join in bearing the burden of defense. The combination is denouncing any attempt to strike that does not include all the mines, all are to join in bearing the burden of defense.

THE "THERMIDOR" IN BERLIN. BERLIN, March 11.—The "Thermidor," which caused such a disturbance in Paris, was received with enthusiasm last night at the Lessing Theater.

ITALY'S PUBLIC ECONOMY. ROME, March 11.—Sig. Luzzatto, Minister of the Treasury, has withdrawn the offer of \$100,000 made by ex-Premier Crispi to the City of Genoa for the Christopher Columbus fete. The withdrawal is made on the ground of the necessity of public economy.

English Royalty on Mines.

LONDON, March 11.—There is a strong movement in Parliament to abolish the royalty on mines of the precious metals. Mr. Parnell is in favor of the abolition on account of the mine which he is trying to develop in Wicklow, and which has already swallowed up a good deal of his gold. The Welsh Liberals are also for abolishing the royalty, and many of the Tories take no account of the fact that they wish to weaken the Crown, but because they wish to strengthen the rights of individual ownership against the time when the Crown will make a radical Government. The royalty on gold obtained from Irish mines is 5 per cent.

AN INTERESTING INJECTION CASE. LONDON, March 11.—The case of the London to Americans is pending in the London courts. The defendants are publishers of a paper called the *Financial Observer*, and were recently prosecuted on a charge of attacking blackmail. An injunction has been sought to restrain them from circulating a copy of their paper of the date of Feb. 17, which contains an article in which the *Financial Observer* is attacked. The complaint for the injunction is one Bernard, and the article imputed misconduct in connection with an alleged syndicate to buy the mill in question, at Providence, in the United States.

THE JACKSON ABDUCTION CASE. LONDON, March 11.—The case of the Jackson abduction is pending in the London courts. The defendants are publishers of a paper called the *Financial Observer*, and were recently prosecuted on a charge of attacking blackmail. An injunction has been sought to restrain them from circulating a copy of their paper of the date of Feb. 17, which contains an article in which the *Financial Observer* is attacked. The complaint for the injunction is one Bernard, and the article imputed misconduct in connection with an alleged syndicate to buy the mill in question, at Providence, in the United States.

THE IRISH PARTY. DUBLIN, March 11.—The Freeman's Journal, referring to the communications from the Irish bishops in regard to Parnell and O'Brien says that "once the people give their whole unbiased minds to the controversy they will be prompt to acknowledge where the strength, honesty and real honor of the national cause remains." The *National Press*, the McCarthyite organ, to-day expresses the opinion that the inauguration of the National Federation yesterday was "a success more brilliant than the most sanguine Nationalist ever hoped. The subscriptions to the Federation fund made at the convention, amounting to £1,500, testified to the earnestness of the feeling. The convention is a deathblow to Mr. Parnell's pretensions, and a lesson to those who have been mistaking the clamor of the mob for the voice of the nation." On the other hand, the *Freeman's Journal* says that the speeches made at the convention were "more like those made at a wake than at a christening."

TURKEY AND THE WORLD'S FAIR. CONSTANTINOPLE, March 11.—The United States Minister, Mr. Solomon Hirsch, has delivered to the Porte the formal invitation of the United States, asking Turkey to be represented at the World's Fair to be held in Chicago in 1893. It is believed that the Porte will accept, but some time must elapse before the Porte's official reply will be given. The invitation will be passed through the bureau of the Ministry of Public Works and the Minister of Commerce before it will be delivered upon the matter, who will deliberate upon the matter. The *Levant Herald* publishes a significant notice. It is to the effect that the Sultan's orders a collection is to be made of copies of all Turkish books, magazines and other literature published since the accession to the throne of the present Sultan, Abdul-Hamid. These works are to be richly bound and will be sent to the World's Fair at Chicago. The Porte also send to Chicago a file of the legal paper, *Djerrid Mahakim*, dating from the time of its establishment up to the most recent possible date. This export will also be beautifully bound, and the covers will be adorned with the arms of the Ottoman Empire. The Turkish exhibit will also comprise several paintings, the works of students in the Imperial School of Arts, depicting many of the most remarkable monuments in the city of Constantinople. In addition the Sultan's photographers will prepare an elaborate series of hues of the imperial palaces, schools and other public buildings.

A GHASTLY MYSTERY.

The Murder of a Lady on a Railroad Train in Spain.

INVESTIGATION BY THE POLICE SHOWS THAT THE MOTIVE WAS ROBBERY.

The Victim Believed to Be Either an American or English Woman—Lawyer Posten's Condition—An Ex-Convict's Nerve—The Criminal Calendar.

SEVILLE, March 11.—A woman has been found dead in a train which arrived this morning in this city. An investigation made by the police into the cause of the woman's death shows that she had been murdered and robbed. Papers found upon her body have the name of Harrison upon them. It is inferred that the murdered person is either an American or an English woman.

THE KING-POSTEN TRAGEDY. MEMPHIS, Tenn., March 11.—The shooting yesterday of David H. Posten by Henry Clay King reveals a queer story and one that has a great many peculiar features. King is a bright lawyer and has achieved considerable success in his profession. He is a man of about thirty-five years of age, and is a native of Kentucky. He is a man of about thirty-five years of age, and is a native of Kentucky. He is a man of about thirty-five years of age, and is a native of Kentucky.

THE FRENCH TARIFF BILL. PARIS, March 11.—The action on the tariff bill shows the sentiment of the Chamber overwhelmingly protectionist. The passage of the tariff bill, substantially as it is, is regarded as certain. It is estimated that the bill will bring in an additional revenue of \$8,000,000 in additional revenue. The Royalists have given their adhesion to increased duties.

THE NEWFOUNDLAND QUESTION. PARIS, March 11.—The *Temps* says that the negotiations between France and England on the Newfoundland question have resulted in an agreement which will be submitted to the French and English Parliaments at the end of the week.

A SEVERE HURRICANE. MARSHFIELD, Mass., March 11.—A hurricane has swept over the Balearic Islands and a number of shipwrecks have occurred on the coasts of those islands.

THE DROUGHT IN OUBA. HAVANA, March 11.—The drought still prevails. Its effects are most severely felt in the Department of Santiago de Cuba. The small rivers there are dried up and the fields are parched and burned. Heavy losses in cattle have already been sustained, owing to the extreme dry weather it being impossible for the animals to find food. The drought will materially interfere with the sugar crop, the yield of the cane being much reduced through lack of rain. The loss of cattle, and the loss of the cane, will be a great loss to the people of Ouba.

Prof. Waldstein's Rich Find. ATHENS, March 11.—Prof. Charles Waldstein, the American geologist, has had further success in his task of excavating hidden treasures from the ruins of Eretria, the city on the island of Fuboa (Negro Point), which was founded before the war of Troy and which was destroyed 49 B. C. by the Persians. Prof. Waldstein has found the ruins of a theater, a number of graves and splendid treasures, consisting of gold diamonds, jewels, vases, etc.

JOHN FRANKLIN SWIFT. DEATH OF THE UNITED STATES MINISTER TO JAPAN. SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., March 11.—John Franklin Swift, United States Minister to Japan, whose death is reported from Tokyo, was born at Bowling Green, Pike County, Mo., in 1828. In 1852 he came to California and established the law office of Frank P. Fiske. From then on he served as a lawyer of distinction, being engaged in some of the most important cases in the State.

THE MILLINGTON MURDER TRIAL. DRYDEN, Colo., March 11.—At the Millington murder trial, which is now in progress, Mrs. D. Warren both testified to having witnessed Mrs. Avery's grief over Avery's death and that they thought it sincere. Webb, Coroner of the county, gave the same evidence as at the former trial about taking notes and watching the house while Avery was sick. Mrs. Evans, wife of Avery's partner, testified that she was in the house while the master was sick and that the latter complained of a burning pain in the stomach. Witness suggested some butter-milk, and was asked to take it to the Avery house, but she refused to do so. She said she met her coming with it and took it from her. A few days later when she called to see him again his finger nails were blue and his arms and legs were in the same condition. He was in a stupor and she could not arouse him. Two days later she called again and he seemed to be in a wasted condition. He said that he was in a stupor and she could not arouse him. Two days later she called again and he seemed to be in a wasted condition. He said that he was in a stupor and she could not arouse him. Two days later she called again and he seemed to be in a wasted condition. He said that he was in a stupor and she could not arouse him.

THE HENNESSY MURDER TRIAL. NEW ORLEANS, La., March 11.—The defense closed their case in the Hennessy murder trial yesterday, and produced a very feeble case. The State's case was closed yesterday, and the jury retired to deliberate. The defense's case was based on the fact that the murder was committed by a person who was not the defendant. The State's case was based on the fact that the murder was committed by a person who was not the defendant. The defense's case was based on the fact that the murder was committed by a person who was not the defendant. The State's case was based on the fact that the murder was committed by a person who was not the defendant.

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FOGEL'S BLAST.

The Railroad Lobby at Jefferson City Gets a Red-Hot Roasting.

MEMBERS DENOUNCED FOR YIELDING TO ITS INFLUENCE AND CONTROL.

The Calendar Taken Out of the Hands of the Clerks—Ryan's Anti-Special Jury Bill Passed—Labor Day Proceedings of the Arkansas and Other Legislatures.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., March 11.—The House this morning discovered for the first time what has been evident to a man among the leaves and branches for a long time—the fact that the railroad lobby has controlled the Legislature up to date. Fogel of Schuyler County this morning arose and attacked the calendar. He pointed out that it had been doctored so as to prevent railroad legislation from coming up for passage. He charged that the lobby and not the members had been controlling legislation, and that members had been yielding to its influence and control.

THE CLERKS' RESOLUTION. NEW YORK, March 11.—In the Coroner's office yesterday afternoon, the bodies of two young girls, Nora and Georgiana Neese, testified against their father, John Neese, for the murder of their mother, Mary Neese, and their sister, Sarah Neese. The girls testified that their father had been drinking and quarreling with their mother, and that he had thrown a brick at her, which fractured her skull. The two girls who testified were the sole support of their mother and sister.

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PALMER ELECTED.

THE EIGHT WEEKS' SENATORIAL STRUGGLE IN ILLINOIS ENDED TO-DAY.

Cockrell and Moore Vote With the Faithful 101 Democrats.

DISGUSTED AND DEFEATED, THE REPUBLICANS VOTE FOR JUDGE LINDLEY.

Taubensack Sticks to Streeter to the Last—The Vote Officially Declared as Follows: Palmer, 108; Lindley, 100; Streeter, 1—Palmer and the People the Cry at the Illinois Capital—The Joint Assembly.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 11.—The Senatorial fight was practically ended last night when Farmers' Alliance Representatives Moore and Cockrell issued an address stating that they would vote no longer for A. J. Streeter, but would change their votes to John M. Palmer on the first ballot to-day. Such a pledge placed victory at once on the Republican side and to-day's proceedings were the triumphant celebration of the victory thus assured.

Yesterday was a double Waterloo and two Napoleons went down together—A. J. Streeter and "Long" Jones. The defection of Cockrell and Moore from the Streeter cause at the last moment was the sort of a shock that knocks men out of time before they realize what hits them. There is no doubt that it fell like a thunderbolt on the head of "Long" Jones. When that would be Senatorial Warwick arrived from Chicago late Monday night he was radiant, flushed, and confidently predicted victory. He confidently predicted that Streeter would be elected on the second ballot Tuesday, and was already in imagination sharing the glory of his victory over the Farmer force. Mr. Jones was counting upon the undeniable fact that four of the five Oglesby men were even then whipped into line for Streeter, and that the fifth, Senator Evans, would be elected on the second ballot when he saw 102 men supporting the combine candidate. But "Long" Jones was reckoning without his host, and as soon as he saw Taubensack's "Big Three" he learned the startling news of the revolt of Cockrell and Moore.

From that moment the course of the Republican leader was one of panic-stricken terror, poring or despairing effort to delay the election of Gen. Palmer, and if possible to effect some combination with the Alliance rebels. Through the Taubensack, who telegraphed Jno. P. Stelle to hasten to Springfield at once, and as the order of the Illinois Legislature, to pass upon the action of Moore and Cockrell, the Alliance candidate, those two independent members were persuaded to join the Republican side in refusing to answer the roll-call of the joint convention, and thus the vote of twenty-four hours was gained. The whole strength of Republican pressure was thrown to bear upon the Alliance, and the Alliance men were even then whipped into line for Streeter, and that the fifth, Senator Evans, would be elected on the second ballot when he saw 102 men supporting the combine candidate. But "Long" Jones was reckoning without his host, and as soon as he saw Taubensack's "Big Three" he learned the startling news of the revolt of Cockrell and Moore.

But he was working against fate. Up to 8 o'clock last night John P. Stelle failed to report in Springfield. Shortly before that hour both parties met in the Senate chamber, the Republicans and united themselves with the Democrats. They addressed a formal communication to the Caucus Steering Committee, in which they withdrew the names of candidates upon which the Republicans and Alliance men could unite. Following this action, at a late hour of the evening, the Republican vote would vote for John M. Palmer for Senator on the first ballot to-day. All uncertainty ended with that stunning blow delivered in the face of the Republicans, who would force them to vote for Streeter, the managers of the Republican senatorial fight threw a boomerang. That dangerous missile returned yesterday morning from the revolt of Moore and Cockrell and smote the Republicans a knock-out blow. The endorsement of Streeter by the Republican State Central committee did not, as the Alliance men were instructed to that effect by their own constituents very plainly during the interim between Friday and Monday. They were the secret of Cockrell's sudden indignation regarding Streeter's pledges to the Republicans. He gained no new facts about those pledges from the Alliance men in Chicago, but he did get some very valuable pointers from his own people, and he and Dr. Moore felt perfectly safe that they were on the right political track when they left Streeter to his fate in the Republican camp. How the old farmer of Mercer County is going to get back to the Alliance fold after this is a matter for the Alliance men to consider.

THE LONDON PRESS. LONDON, March 11.—The *Standard* says of the Behring Sea papers: "Both parties will relate that their differences have been placed in such shape as to make arbitration possible and probable. Nothing could be more barbarous than to attempt to consider the result from a political standpoint." It is difficult to imagine how Mr. Adams can persist in keeping the quarrel open after Lord Salisbury has accepted the bulk of his own proposed terms for a conference. He can make it as plain as the sun in the day that he has been shown to be manifestly unjust to England. The result of the Canadian elections, following the publication of the new law, will be a blow to the "United States" may induce him (Mr. Adams) to reflect that more success would be gained by fair and amiable dealing than by high-handed action and talk.

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brought to bear on Moore and Cockrell to force them away from Palmer. At 9 o'clock this morning the Republican leaders called on those two Alliance rebels, made them a direct offer of the 100 solid Republican votes to be cast for either of the two on condition that they would not fulfill their pledge to vote for Palmer on the first ballot. It was a brilliant scheme and a dazzling temptation, but no promise the Republicans could make weighed with Moore and Cockrell for a moment. The two Independents were acting under orders from their constituents and an Alliance edict of divorce from the Republican plotters went forth.

"Long" Jones, the crushed Warwick of Illinois, has gone back on his own character. For the first time in the senatorial fight his face was as black as a thunder cloud. He would not talk with anyone, save the few Republicans who came to him for orders, and his profanity was of the deepest marine blue possible to an overthrown and disowned leader. Chairman Charlie Fuller of the Republican Steering Committee spoke in parables.

"It is a dark and threatening morning," he said to the Post-Dispatch correspondent, looking out in the gloomy streets, "but I have known darker mornings to clear up into bright afternoons. We ain't whipped yet." The Republican members of the Senate and House went into caucus in Memorial Hall at the State House at 9:30 this morning. It was believed that the members would be instructed to vote solid for Oglesby at to-day's joint ballot, but there was some talk of yesterday's tactics being adopted to-day, and no answer to the names of Republican members being made at roll call of the joint convention. Taubeneck of the "Big Three" cut away from Moore and Cockrell, and the ominous triumph of Palmer's Alliance supporters was possible for the eight weeks' postponement of Gen. Palmer's election was thus shattered. It went to pieces only under a protest from the honest people of Illinois, so strong that Moore and Cockrell did not dare disregard its voice. Senator Wells, Democrat, of Quincy is dangerously ill with pneumonia, having suffered a relapse last night, owing to his trip to the joint convention yesterday. He is attended by two physicians, and bulletins of his condition were brought to the Democratic parlor every few minutes.

THE DEMOCRATIC 101. The Democratic 101 were kept groomed up like race horses and the Republican 100 were under whip and spur. The Democratic 101 for the Senatorial sweepstakes. Moore and Cockrell made a point of refraining to-day from much intercourse with either side. They stood purposely aloof, the Democrats posing at the last strictly as Alliance men. Gen. Palmer was seen this morning at his old-fashioned residence on Second street, next to the German Lutheran Church, by the Post-Dispatch correspondent. The old war-horse said, with a smile, that he was prepared to submit to victory and characterized his triumph as a victory straight. Democratic principles and protest of the people against plutocracy in the Senate. He said it should have occurred, however, just eight weeks ago and that he might have made since that time showed the terrific power of the money evil opposed to the voice of the people. The Post-Dispatch correspondent accompanied Gen. Palmer to a neighbor's house only a few blocks away, and in his slow progress through the streets, the stalwart old veteran was cheered to the echo by the hundreds of people who saw him passing. Stronger and braver than ever, he said this morning. He was dropped like a stone fish by Republicans and Independents.

READY FOR THE FIGHT. The caucus of the Republican Senators and Representatives adjourned without taking action on to-day's course and at 11:30 the Republican Steering Committee met to adopt the line of action. It was reported that there was a move on foot to throw the dying vote of the Republican 100 to Cicerio J. Lindley, and go down with that man, but the move was not made. The Republican 100 were divided into two camps. One camp was led by Richard J. Oglesby, who was entitled to at least being the Republican standard-bearer on the day of defeat. The House was filling with spectators at 10:30, and by 11:30 there was a jam in the balconies, aisles and ante-room that made progress through the crowd almost impossible. Mr. Streeter entered the chamber at 11 o'clock and took the vacant seat on the Republican side. He was accompanied by a friend not a member of the House or Senate, and the two men enjoyed a conversation peculiarly free from interruption. A significant fact was noticeable in the House. Flowers were blooming on almost every Democratic desk, while the Republican side was a desert. Democratic members waited in their seats for the hour of noon, singing, shouting across the chamber at one another and bubbling over with Palmer enthusiasm. Even the House pages caught the fever and they trotted about the aisles cheering for Palmer as if they belonged to the "Big Three." Lyman Cook, one of the sick Democratic members, arrived at 11 o'clock, and was taken by the door back of the Speaker's desk to his usual place on the lounge at the right. He looked better and shared in the Palmer navigation that seemed to fill the air. Senator Wells was brought in the chamber at 11:25 on a stretcher. He was probably the sickest man who ever took part in the action of a public assembly. He is plainly in a dangerous condition and his willingness to come to the State House at the end of his life, showed his devotion to Palmer. He was carefully looked after by a physician and two attendants and rested upon a lounge near the Speaker's desk. He appeared almost unconscious. Mr. Spelman's arrival sick was a peculiar feature of the day. As he was brought down the aisle the Republican members looked at him with "John Brown's body," and the Democrats responded with applause for Wells' loyalty to Palmer. The sturdy old farmer smiled feebly as he was carried to his room, and he gave his hand to the House. The Republicans organized a glee club, singing several songs, which ended with the following improvisation:

"We're going home to vote no more, We're going home with Dr. Moore, To vote no more with Dr. Moore."

The effort brought down the House and pandemonium reigned for a few minutes. Tin horns were brought out and a regular carnival was kept up for some time just preceding the opening of the joint convention. At 11:45 o'clock the doorkeeper requested all visitors occupying members' seats to vacate them, but the glee club Democratic members called out that those ladies who were there by invitation should remain and a murmur of feminine applause arose and ended by the Speaker's call. The House was called to order by the Speaker.

THE DECIDING BALLOT. Soon after the Senate entered in a body and the members took the seats assigned to them. Speaker Crafts then declared the session of the joint Assembly open and ordered the call of the roll of members. The Republican Steering Committee ordered their members not to answer preliminary roll-call. Senator Evans, however, disregarded the committee's injunction and answered "Here" when his name was called. On the roll-call of the House both Moore and Cockrell answered "Here." Taubeneck did not answer to his name.

"Twenty-five Senators and seventy-nine members of the House have answered to their names," said the Speaker. "It is now in order to take another vote for United States Senator."

When Cockrell's name was called he rose to his feet and said:

"No speeches, no speeches; object vote, vote," shouted forty Republicans. "You will keep your mouth shut for a minute, I will vote," said Cockrell. "I will vote for John M. Palmer!"

For a few minutes the Democratic shouts and cheers that sounded through the capital were deafening. After a slight lull they were renewed and it was two minutes before order could be restored. The Republicans remained silent as the call proceeded.

Moore's name was called, and in a perfectly clear voice he said, "John M. Palmer." Again Democratic enthusiasm found vent in prolonged cheers, and hats and papers were thrown wildly in the air.

VOTING FOR LINDLEY. When the name of Morris, the colored Republican, was called that gentleman voted for Cicerio J. Lindley. The program now became for all the Republicans to vote for Lindley. It having been found impossible for Fuller or any man to receive the Republican support, Representative Taubeneck, when his name was called, voted for A. J. Streeter, nominee of the F. M. B. party, and on resuming his seat he said: "I am a sincere sorrow, no one doubted, and cheer after cheer from the Republican side rewarded his loyalty to his party nominee. The verification of the roll showed the Republicans voting for Lindley, every Democrat for Palmer, Moore and Cockrell for Palmer and Taubeneck for Streeter."

"On the 15th ballot," said Speaker Crafts, "the whole number of votes cast is 204; necessary to a choice 103, of which John M. Palmer has received 103 votes (Democratic Alliance), A. J. Streeter one vote and C. J. Lindley 100 votes, and I hereby declare John M. Palmer duly elected United States Senator to represent the State of Illinois in the United States Senate for the term of six years."

Deafening applause from the Democratic side and galleries greeted this announcement. The Democratic representatives and the country themselves hoarse and mounting their desks threw hats and papers and baskets in the air. Several of the members blew horns. "On the 15th ballot," said Speaker Crafts, "the whole number of votes cast is 204; necessary to a choice 103, of which John M. Palmer has received 103 votes (Democratic Alliance), A. J. Streeter one vote and C. J. Lindley 100 votes, and I hereby declare John M. Palmer duly elected United States Senator to represent the State of Illinois in the United States Senate for the term of six years."

Gen. Palmer said that he could truthfully begin his speech by saying that he felt like singing the good old hymn of his childhood, "Ain't I glad I'm out of the wilderness!" He then went on to say that his election was a victory of the people, and was an indication of the result of the honest voters of the country against money in politics. He thanked and eulogized the gallant 101 for their fearless loyalty to him through thick and thin, and he thanked the Democratic 100 for their consistent course of the two Independents, who seeing they could not elect their party candidate, threw their votes to the candidate whom they believed would be most acceptable to their people. He next paid his attention to the Republican 100, and was thoughtful enough to thank them for the open and fearless way in which they fought him from start to finish. Gen. Palmer's speech throughout was on the line already covered by him as to his political beliefs and his course as Senator, and was admirable in tone and spirit throughout. At its close, the old war-horse received another ovation. He was greeted by a cheering throng, and by the Palmer Club of Jacksonville, Ill. At the conclusion of his speech the Joint Committee of the Illinois House and Senate adjourned sine die. Gen. Palmer left the hall with Speaker Crafts. He was cheered at almost every footstep, and his progress toward the Leland Hotel was a picnic.

FIXING FOR A GRAND CELEBRATION. The 101 are making preparations for a grand Palmer jubilation, to begin to-night. A Palmer mass meeting at the Grand Hotel, which Senator-elect Palmer will speak, a reception at the Leland and various other features are being considered. During the roll call of the joint balloting, a quarrel on the Republican side of the House between two members, which lasted about two minutes, and in which blows were exchanged, was the only disturbance quite an uproar, and when that subsided, Senator Derry (Republican) seemed to lose his head, either through excitement or over the situation, and sent out a series of piercing yells that sounded like a town fight in full headway. He was finally quieted down. With these exceptions the proceedings of to-day's joint assembly were dignified throughout.

JOHN M. PALMER. John McCauley Palmer was born in Eagle Creek, Scott Co., Ky., Sept. 18, 1817. He removed to Illinois in 1832, and in 1833 settled in Carlinville. He was admitted to the bar in 1840, and was a member of the State Constitutional Convention in 1847. In 1852 he was sent to the State Senate, and was a member of the National Republican Convention in Philadelphia in 1856; a presidential elector on the Republican ticket in 1860; a delegate to the peace convention at Washington, February, 1861; was elected Colonel of the Fourth Illinois Volunteers in April, 1861, and was with Fremont at Springfield, Mo. He

was commissioned Brigadier General of Volunteers on Dec. 20, the same year, and was with Pope at New Madrid and the battle of Belmont. He commanded the first brigade division of the Mississippi. In November, 1862, he commanded a division in Grant's army and for gallantry at the battle of Stone River was promoted General of volunteers. Gen. Palmer was at the battle of Chickamauga with his corps and commanded the Fourteenth army corps throughout the Atlanta campaign. He was elected Governor of Illinois as a Republican. He broke with the Republican party on the tariff issue.

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representatives of the F. M. B. A., he said although his health was admirable, he had nearly reached the limit of political activity and would regard his election to the United States Senate as a crowning honor.

WILDLY ENTUSIASTIC. Scenes in the Illinois Legislature During the Election of Senator.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 11.—The scene in the Hall of Representatives to-day when the senatorial struggle was ended was one of the like of which was never before witnessed in any political or legislative gathering. The expectations of the Democrats on the verge of realization had been wrought up to the highest pitch, and with the certainty of victory the followers of Palmer were wildly enthusiastic. The Republicans, despondent and defeated, kept up a show of good feeling that was more bravado. They indulged in derisive remarks which failed, however, to overcome the good spirits of the jubilant Democrats. Every seat, aisle and passageway in the chamber was crowded. When the joint assembly was opened there was not even standing room.

The Senate entered the hall at 12 o'clock exactly and the joint convention was called to order by Speaker Crafts. A huge silk banner, having a portrait of Gen. Palmer and belonging to the Palmer Club of Jacksonville, which arrived this morning, was placed on the wall of the chamber. The roll call of the Senate was not answered by the Republicans and twenty-five present reported. The Democrats, however, were then called and the Republicans again refused to answer. When Cockrell's name was called he responded "Here," and the only response from the Republican side in tumultuous applause. A similar ovation greeted Dr. Moore's response, the cheering growing so vehement that Speaker Crafts had to threaten to have the doors closed if order was not preserved. Taubeneck refused to respond and was applauded by the Republicans. Seventy-nine members of the House were present, and a total in the joint convention of 104, Callahan (Republican) having also responded.

The 15th ballot was then taken, the only response from the Republican side. Democrats, who shouted for Palmer. When Cockrell's name was called there was no reply, and Republicans began to shout derisively. Loud calls of "Vote Vote!" arose, and the uproar grew almost into a riot. The Republicans hooted and yelled, and the Speaker used his gavel in vain. Above the uproar at last rose Cockrell's voice:

"Do you want to know how I vote?" "A yell of Yes! Yes! Yes!" answered him, and then Cockrell called out slowly: "John M. Palmer."

Storm after storm of applause swept through the great hall at this death-blow to the Republican cause. For some minutes the roll-call could not proceed. When it did, and at last reached the name of Dr. Moore, that gentleman, in a clear and decisive tone announced his vote for John M. Palmer. Then the scene became one of pandemonium, and a great Democratic yell rose for Palmer that shook the building. The cheering was a wave of crushing sound. The clerk then turned to announce the vote. Not a Republican member moved that the roll should be closed.

This meant that the Republicans were going to cast their dying vote and a deep hush fell upon the scene. Senator Anderson, Republican, rose on the senatorial group, voted for Cicerio J. Lindley, Senator Evans followed him with a still faithful vote for Richard J. Oglesby. Then the rest of the Republicans bestowed their dying agony. They took occasion to taunt the Oglesby voter during their expiring moments. The Lindley man voted for the man whom his party sold out, Cicerio J. Lindley. Senator Bacon at the last changed his vote from Oglesby, calling it a mistake. "I wish to vote for the man who was betrayed by his friends," Cicerio J. Lindley. The roll call of the Senate was then verified by the clerk. Then the clerk called the roll of the House. Taubeneck voted for Streeter, and all the Representatives for Cicerio J. Lindley. Speaker Crafts repeated the name of John M. Palmer. Then the scene became one of pandemonium, and a great Democratic yell rose for Palmer that shook the building. The cheering was a wave of crushing sound. The clerk then turned to announce the vote. Not a Republican member moved that the roll should be closed.

THE STRUGGLE IN ILLINOIS.

The First Great Democratic Victory in Thirty Years.

March 11, 1891, may be set down in the political calendar as a red letter day for the Democracy of Illinois, as the victory of Gen. John M. Palmer at Springfield to-day is the greatest triumph won by the Democratic party of that State since the memorable contest in 1858 between Abraham Lincoln and Stephen A. Douglas for the United States Senate. In that notable campaign, thirty-three years ago, each of the candidates went to the people for his nomination, and the ballot taken by the Legislature was more of a formality than a real contest, a mere requirement of the people already expressed. Three years later, in the summer of 1861, Senator Douglas died, and the Democratic Legislature of Illinois elected Wm. A. Richardson to succeed him.

ELECTION OF DAVID DAVIS. That was nearly thirty years ago, and that elected their regular party nominee for that day, this in which the Republicans have not lost sight of the fact that Davis was sent to the United States Senate by the Democratic party, and the latter refusing to vote for John A. Logan, who was seeking a re-election to the Senate, and was a candidate for the presidential nomination at Cincinnati in 1872, which was given to Horace Greely, and was considered an independent. Davis left the Republican party, but not having joined the Democratic party.

At the following senatorial election in Illinois, two years later, John A. Logan was victorious, as he was elected by the Democratic party, and the memorable contest of 1888, in which he defeated Wm. R. Morrison by a political trick which has become historical.

LOGAN-MORRISON CONTEST. The assembly was evenly divided between Morrison and Logan, when one of the Democratic members died. Another Democrat was soon elected in his place, when a Republican member died and there was another long suspense until the Republican gap was filled. To the surprise of all a third member died, and this time a death again left a vacancy in the Democratic side. Whitesides County, which Mr. Briggs had represented in the Lower House, was overwhelming Democratic, and Gen. Logan advised that the Republicans make no effort to defeat the Democratic candidate for the vacancy, as it would be a waste of time and money. This lulled the Democrats to sleep, and a secret candidate, few of them went to the polls on election day, supposing, of course, that their candidate, being the only one in the field, would be elected. Whether the trick was the trick of the enemy, a few faithful Republicans in each precinct had quietly gone to the polls and voted for a secret candidate, as previously agreed upon, and the returns showed that a Republican instead of a Democrat had been elected to succeed Representative Briggs.

LOGAN'S BIG FIGHT. The present Legislature of Illinois convened Jan. 11, and the contest which terminated in the election of Gen. John M. Palmer to the United States Senate to-day, began upon the completion of the two Houses a few days later and has been carried on vigorously on both sides ever since. In a ballot in which having been taken, Gen. Palmer

was the only candidate considered by the Democrats, his nomination, in fact having been made at the polls last November, but the Republicans, on the other hand, changed candidates half a dozen times. The party was first divided between ex-Senator Farwell, Dick Oglesby and several lesser lights of the party, and after the first tilt settled upon Uncle Sam, but finding they couldn't elect him, the Republicans took up Cicerio J. Lindley of Greenville, Ill. Then they dropped him, or some of them did, and supported Steele, a Farmers' Alliance candidate from Mount Vernon. Representative Moore, an Alliance member of the Legislature, secured the support of a large number of the Republicans on several ballots, and Mr. Streeter, another Labor and Alliance party man, was shoved to the front and then, and but for his wild promises to the Republican Central Committee, he might have been elected. Moore and Cockrell, two of the Alliance members, couldn't stand that and they drew the track as soon as they learned how their party was to be sold out, and decided to vote with the Democrats for John M. Palmer. Moore and Cockrell are both virtuous Democrats, and always voted with the Democratic party until a year or two ago, when they joined the F. M. B. A.

WILD EXCITEMENT ON CHANGE. The News of Palmer's Election Received With Storms of Applause.

When the news of the election of Palmer was received in the city, the cheering and Exchange all business was suspended, and the floor was filled with enthusiastic shouters, who made the walls ring with their cheers. Never in the history of the grain pit has a wilder scene been witnessed. No objection was taken to the tidings were received. Trading was active, and the traders were watching with great interest the course of the market when the news of the election of Palmer was received. The men who had been intent on the course of the market for all interest in the price of grain, and the pit was at once filled with a shouting throng who made the walls ring again with their cheers, while the air was full of hats thrown skyward by their enthusiastic owners, which descended in a perfect hail. The men who had been intent on the course of the market for all interest in the price of grain, and the pit was at once filled with a shouting throng who made the walls ring again with their cheers, while the air was full of hats thrown skyward by their enthusiastic owners, which descended in a perfect hail.

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DESIGNING THE TRACKS. GROUND PLANS OF THE NEW DEPOT BEING CONSIDERED.

Railroad Officials and Engineers Hold a Meeting and Exchange Ideas—Reducing the Working Forces of Western Roads.

Messrs. Dickinson and Way of the Missouri Pacific, Hays and Lincoln of the Wabash, and also Ramsey, Bent and Mabry, all representing the proprietors of the new Union Depot, are in session this afternoon at the rooms of the Terminal Railway Association at the Union Depot. These gentlemen are supplemented by Herbert Tausig. They were gathered together to take the first and most important step in the construction of the new depot—determine upon the ground plan.

It was evident from the beginning that there was going to be trouble over the location of tracks, although it turned out to be good-natured. No objection was taken to the new Union Depot, are in session this afternoon at the rooms of the Terminal Railway Association at the Union Depot. These gentlemen are supplemented by Herbert Tausig. They were gathered together to take the first and most important step in the construction of the new depot—determine upon the ground plan.

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THE GOLDEN CHAIN. A Little Band of Mercy Doing a Deal of Good—The Meeting.

The Society of the Golden Chain held its annual meeting to-day and the Secretary filed a report of cases remedied. Under the head of cruelty to children there were a total of fifty-two cases remedied, and under the head of cruelty to animals 215 cases remedied. The society now numbers several hundred, and has branches in nearly all of the schools in the city.

WATER FILTERS. Mrs. Brooks made a brief address, in which she outlined the objects of the society, as follows:

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COMSTOCK'S FURNITURE. THE MARCH SALE.

It's easy enough to sell you furniture once we get you here. You are surprised and pleased with the prices that are so little to you.

This is the second week of the March Sale—and we are better able to give you your bargain than we were the first week.

What we want is to get you interested. Once done we can consider you (if not already) a regular customer. We sell the standard furniture of St. Louis—and that for the least money.

F. J. COMSTOCK & CO., 400, 402, 404 N. Fourth Street.

DESIGNING THE TRACKS. GROUND PLANS OF THE NEW DEPOT BEING CONSIDERED.

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Special Sale in New Trimmed Hats. All the New Spring Styles from \$1.48 up.

SPECIAL BARGAINS FOR TO-MORROW, THURSDAY. NOTIONS.

Special Sale Turkey Feather Dusters, for Thursday only at One-Half Price. 500 11-inch Dusters, 15c; reduced from 30c. 500 13-inch Dusters, 23c; reduced from 45c. 100 18-inch Dusters, 27c; reduced from 55c.

HANDKERCHIEFS. 300 dozen Ladies' Plain White Hemstitched Union Handkerchiefs, for Thursday, 3c Each.

JEWELRY. 50 dozen Ladies' Large Rolled Gold Crescent Lace Pins, set with Rhinestones, regular price, \$1; for Thursday, 49c.

50 dozen Solid Silver Bangle Friendship Rings, for Thursday, 9c.

KID GLOVES. 100 dozen Ladies' 4-Button Embroidered Back Undressed Kid Gloves, in tans and slate; for Thursday, 50c. Reduced from \$1.00.

SONNENFELD'S, 815, 817, 819, 821 North Broadway.

WITH our we de from 18,000 of our Fresh fee, which do as we ad—the best goods money. This month we of our celebrated Tea and Useful and Beautiful Pres-

The Great Eastern Coffee & Tea Co., 1111 Franklin Av.

A Still Deeper Cut!

Gents' hand-welt calf Congress and Bals from \$6.50 to \$4. Gents' Goodyear welt calf Congress and Bals from \$4.50 to \$2.50. Ladies' hand-welt dongola Button from \$5 to \$3. Ladies' dongola Button from \$3.50 to \$2.

25 to 40 per cent reduction on entire stock of Misses', Children's, Boys' and Yonthe's Shoes to retire from that part of our business. All fresh goods. No old stock.

C. W. PARRISH, Northwest Corner Seventh and Olive Streets.

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A LITTLE HOPE LEFT.

THE FINAL EFFORTS BEING MADE TO GET THE WIRE DOWN.

All the Members of the Board of Public Improvements Unite on the Subject—A Message to Senator Stone—How Matters Stand To-Day.

The members of the Board of Public Improvements have not yet given up hope of having the underground wire bill passed in the Legislature. A meeting of the board was held yesterday afternoon to talk the bill over and decide what could be done and how the thing should be done. After a good deal of consultation it was decided that the board had better express its sentiments on the subject and send word to Senator Stone. The decision was immediately carried out and last night a telegram was sent to Senator Stone signed by all of the members of the board as follows:

SENATOR E. F. STONE, Jefferson City, Mo.:
Dear Sir:—The undersigned, constituting the Board of Public Improvements of the city of St. Louis, do hereby recommend the passage of the underground wire bill, now pending in the Senate of Missouri. We believe this legislation is necessary for the welfare of St. Louis, and the defeat of the bill in question will in our opinion be a positive detriment and injury to the city.

City Counsellor Bell was present at the discussion, and expressed the opinion that the present bill was not as good as the bill amendment, but that it was a good bill, and would put the city in a position to relieve itself of much of the present trouble. Right in line with the same important subject, the board considered the plans of the city way company for additional conduits. In the main the plan is satisfactory, but the route on Olive street is not the way, people being over-anxious to get permission to lay a subway seven feet high and four feet wide on Olive a few feet below the surface. One of the members of the board, speaking of this, said that he was strongly suspecting why it is these people want to go on the south side of Olive street, what with their conduct, the cable car conduit, the water pipes, gas pipes and sewers there would in the end be no room left for the Bell Telephone Co. to get in and along that line, at least they would be forced into the subway conduit. As it is now we will have a hard time finding room enough for this conduit, as Olive street is pretty well occupied under the surface already.

The committee refused to approve the plan and has taken it under consideration. President Burnett of the board said this morning: "I want the Legislature to pass that underground wire bill, and then we will be in a position to decide what is best to do. As it is now, the subway company holds out the only prospect of relief that we have in sight, whereas we could force a better bill under it, and we had the right, and would not be compelled to make concessions to the subway company or anybody else. If that bill was passed it would be long before we would find a way of clearing the down-town streets of all the wires."

They All Want an Increase.

Some time ago, after a careful review of the ground and a more careful and guarded canvass of the opinions of the local legislators, the members of the board consented to the introduction of a charter amendment providing for the increasing of their respective salaries. The bill was introduced for a while, but after a little several others about the City Hall thought this was a good chance to catch on behind and go with the board through the Legislature. The bill, however, the Board Inspector, made a try for it, but was headed off by the board with the explanation that only such officers whose salaries were fixed by charter should have their salaries increased by charter amendments, so he was persuaded to introduce a separate bill in the shape of an ordinance.

Last night the board bill came up again and Councilman Sloan moved to amend so as to increase the Building Commissioner's salary. It was voted down, but nevertheless the attempt was made. It was not made, however, at the suggestion of Commissioner Furlong, but it is said that it was made to show the members of the board by way of test remarking rather bluntly: "These fellows will do better not try to catch on to the tail of our kite or they will have trouble."

Will Not Put Up More Lights.

A statement was made by Supervisor O'Reilly to-day, which goes to show that pending settlement of the electric gas dispute the Municipal company is shoving things down as close as possible and seem inclined to force the city into aggressive action. Under the provisions of the charter the Municipal company the city can order up new lights wherever they are deemed necessary. Some 200 of these lights have been ordered and are now being put up. The repeated notifications of the Supervisor to the company are disregarded and scarcely an effort is made to meet the demands of the city. It has long been a well established fact that the Municipal Co. has been losing money on its city contract and has been looking about for a means of getting it. It can get its prices for city lighting increased.

After the Hucksters.

Inspector of Weights and Measures Andrew Haley, has declared war on the derelict dealers and vendors. There is a city ordinance which requires that every scale and every measure used in the sale of goods be subjected to examination at the hands of the inspector, to be by him approved. Every such scale or measure should bear the seal or stamp of the inspector, and if it is found to be in use. The ordinance, it is claimed, has been violated without compunction, and Mr. Haley announces that he intends to have it enforced or know the reason why. It was with this idea in his mind that this morning he forwarded to the office of Chief of Police Harrigan several hundred cards, with the request that the policemen in the suburbs distribute the same at their earliest convenience. The cards called the attention of all concerned to the fact that many grocers and hucksters are every day using liquid measures in the sale of beans, peas, berries and such commodities. This is in direct violation of the ordinance, which provides that such articles should be sold by measure. Ice and milk dealers, peddlers of vegetables, fruits and charcoal, ragpickers and junk dealers using scales and measures on the street or in wagons, are warned to call at the Inspector's office within the present month and have the same stamped according to law. Failing in this they are liable to a Police Court prosecution. The police are requested to notify such persons as above designated of the strict enforcement of the ordinance. Persons having regular stands or places of business will be called upon by deputies from Mr. Haley's office as soon as possible.

Water Filters.

Simmons Hardware Co.
Colored Burglars.
A few minutes after 1:30 o'clock last night two unknown negroes attempted to effect an entrance into the clothing store at 1215 Franklin avenue. Private Watchman Deane upon the miscreants just as they removed the outer screen. At his approach the negroes fled. Deane fired two shots at the retreating forms. Both men escaped.

PUT IN AN INSANE ASYLUM.

How a Spinster Sister Prevented the Marriage of Her Brother.

NEW YORK, March 11.—A sensational love affair, in which Mr. J. B. Ransley, a young manufacturing confectioner of Cincinnati, O., and Miss Edith Speers, daughter of 24-year-old Speers, a well-to-do merchant of 264 Seventh avenue, are the principal characters, has terminated disastrously. Through the efforts of the former's elder sister he has been incarcerated in a private institution for the insane, near Cincinnati, and all prospects of an early marriage, which was contemplated by the young couple, are at an end. Miss Edith, however, is determined that her spinster sister with mercenary motives shall separate her lover from her if she can help it. Miss Edith left for Cincinnati yesterday afternoon and will take legal steps to have Mr. Ransley liberated. The romance began in this city several months ago during a business trip made by the young man. He has several confectionery stores in Cincinnati and came here to establish a manufacturing plant. He formed a partnership with John Jones of No. 220 West One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street, and had not been in Cincinnati long when the interference of a sister would have been established on Sixth avenue about March 6. During his visit Mr. Ransley made the acquaintance of Mr. Speers and was invited to the latter's home. He met Miss Edith and after six weeks' courtship became engaged to her. Mr. Ransley heard of it and several days later her brother here for the purpose of breaking the engagement. The young people paid no attention to her and in consequence her efforts did not succeed. Several days later Mr. Ransley completed his business arrangements and left for Cincinnati. He intended to come back in about two weeks. Miss Speers returned home with him. Miss Speers heard nothing further from Mr. Ransley until last Saturday night when she received the following telegram from her brother:

My brother has been adjudged insane and has been placed in an insane asylum. LOTTIE RANSLEY.
She waited to hear something from Mr. Ransley himself, but as nothing came she suspected treachery on the sister's part and she packed her trunk yesterday and took a train for Cincinnati.
"I do not believe that Mr. Ransley is insane at all," said Mr. Jones yesterday. "His family is simply trying to stop his marriage with Miss Speers. That is the whole trouble. There will probably be many sensational developments when Miss Edith arrives in Cincinnati and begins the proposed legal fight to secure her lover's release."

Water Filters.

Simmons Hardware Co.

ADAMS—UPDIKE.

Brilliant Wedding in the West End This Afternoon.

The Second Presbyterian Church on Seventh street and Lucas place was the scene of a large and brilliant wedding this afternoon at 4 o'clock, that of Miss Mary Haigh Updike, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Whitmore Updike of Thirty-second and Chestnut streets, to Mr. B. S. Adams, son of Mr. and Mrs. B. S. Adams, a large and fashionable assembly and the bride party arrived at the doors promptly at the appointed hour. The church was beautifully decorated with the chancel with a profusion of palms, and the front of the altar was a perfect mass of beautiful white ascension lilies.

The bride party was met at the altar by Rev. Dr. Nicolls, the officiating clergyman, who has been the pastor of the bride since her childhood. There were four ushers, Mr. McPherson, Mr. Henry T. Kent, Mr. Paschal Carr and Mr. John Davis. The young couple were attended in the old-time fashion by quite a bevy of bridesmaids and groomsmen. The lady attendants were Miss Caro Briggs, Mrs. Heywood, Miss Hitchcock, Miss Lesmon, Miss Pettus, Miss Edith January, Miss Kingsland and Miss Elizabeth Breckinridge. The gentlemen were Mr. R. S. Brookings, Mr. Adams, brother of the groom, Mr. Bartlett, Mr. Wiggins, Mr. Blair, Mr. H. Elliott, Mr. George Mack and Mr. May.

The bride wore a beautiful gown of white crepe de chine en train and garniture of orange blossoms. After the ceremony the newly married pair returned to the home of the bride on Chestnut street and received the congratulations of a few intimate friends until time to leave on the evening train for their trip to Florida and other parts of the South. When they return they will go to housekeeping.

"Are you visiting St. Louis?" Do not omit (for you are cordially invited), visiting the grandest jewelry establishment in the world, MEMMOT & JACARD'S, COR. BROADWAY AND LOCUST, and see the magnificent display of Jewels, Silverware, Brac-a-Brac, Cut Glass and Souvenir Spoons. The prices are the lowest in America.

CRIMINAL COURT CASES.

A Number of Fines Accepted and Sentences Imposed.

In the Criminal Court this morning Circuit Attorney Clover permitted George Reece to plead guilty to the charge of petit larceny, and the defendant was given one year in the Work-house. Reece was indicted for robbery in the first degree. On Nov. 15 he held up Martin Terry, 1029 Morgan street, and stole from him a gold watch and in money. Reece is a young colored man. Edward Coleman, under indictment for attempted robbery in the first degree, pleaded guilty on arraignment and was sentenced to serve a term of two years in the penitentiary. On Oct. 25 Coleman attempted to hold up Herman Zude, 301 North Broadway. Officers Quigley and Quigley caught him in the act of taking it from Zude's pocket.

Andrew White and Jack Wright, under indictment for robbery in the first degree, were permitted to plead guilty to the charge of attempted robbery and was given three years in the penitentiary. On Oct. 19 White stole a gold watch and chain from the person of Oscar A. Truesdale, 1120 Chouteau avenue.

Don't take any chances with a stubborn cold, but get rid of it rationally with the help of Dr. D. Jayne's Expectant, a healing medicine for the lungs.

A Day's Mishaps.

GOSHEK, Ind., March 11.—Excitement is running high here over the death of Frank Halderman and his infant child from an overdose of opiate, said to have been given by a Dr. Juckes. The opiate was given to produce sleep, both having been hurt in an accident. Death resulted soon after the drugs were given.
Henry C. Lamar and Miss Louise King Connelly were drowned by the overturning of a skiff yesterday two miles above Augusta, Ga. Both were promptly rescued, but Lamar, a man having only recently graduated from Princeton, Miss Connelly was a grand-daughter of the late John P. King, ex-United States Senator from Georgia, and a niece of the Marchioness of Anglemey.
Mrs. Edward McGrath, 78 years of age, had a narrow escape from being run over by a train yesterday at Taylorville, Ill., the day of heart failure, superinduced by fright.
The three children of Carroll Ferguson of Athensville, Ill., are lying dangerously sick at the St. Louis Hotel, and the cause is said to have been open several days.
Edward B. Keller, a farmer and stock raiser, was run over and killed by a Wabash train yesterday near Taylorville, Ill.
Thomas Ridgeman, a brakeman on the Illinois Central, was crushed to death by an engine at Anna, Ill., last evening.
EASTER card opening at MEMMOT & JACARD'S, CORNER BROADWAY AND LOCUST. Prices 5 cents to \$12. Sunday-school teachers invited and special discounts made for class lots.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1890.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

REAL ESTATE INTERESTS.

SATISFACTORY TO ALL.

The Solution of the World's Fair Transportation Problem.

CHICAGO, Ill., March 11.—The World's Fair transportation puzzle has apparently been solved by Engineer E. L. Corbille. He has submitted a plan to Mayor Cregier, in which the fact that the Illinois Central tracks entirely surround Jackson Park, except the Lake side, is instead of being an obstacle, made a distinct advantage. By the plan proposed all the steam surface roads will utilize the Illinois Central tracks, which are to be elevated for a considerable distance. The streets crossing the tracks and entering the park are to be depressed, and the subways thus created will be used by the cable lines, other street vehicles and pedestrians. The expense will be apportioned between the Exposition company, the city, and the various transportation lines. It is said all the railroad interested have informally approved the plan.

"SOLITAIRE Diamond Rings"—If you are interested in purchasing or looking, you are asked to see the splendid values and exquisite styles offered you at MEMMOT & JACARD'S, COR. BROADWAY AND LOCUST. The prices range from \$15 to \$1,000. Send for catalogue, mailed free.

Warehouse Destroyed.

PEORIA, Ill., March 11.—The large warehouse of the Grape Sugar Refining Co. was destroyed by fire last night. The building was valued at \$65,000 and the stock at the same figure. One of the employees was so badly burned that his life is despaired of.

Mercantile 10-Cent Cigars.

Made by Mercantile Factory, 305 North Fourth street. Connoisseurs all praise them.

JOSEPH SHURE, sometimes known as Joseph Schur, also as Joseph Jehu, is the identification of the maker of a will probated to give to Charles Nury a certificate of deposit for \$300 and a deed of trust on land in Jefferson County, Mo., given to secure a note for \$100. This is the sum of his estate.

A NEW ELECTRIC PLANT.

Before the city ordinance definitely locating the site of the new Union Depot was passed, options for the purchase of 532 feet of ground on the north side of Dexter street, between Compton and Cardinal avenues, were received by John B. Lionberger. Since then these options have been closed by purchase, and yesterday the deeds from the various grantors to Mr. Lionberger were filed for record. The property acquired was received from the Tiffany heirs and Lizzie T. Greenup, Ellen L. Todd and Susan P. Pflieger.

In-to-day's transfer list it is apparent that Mr. Lionberger has decided his interest in this Dexter street property to the Missouri Railroad Co. for \$35,000.
Inquiry with regard to this transaction reveals the fact that the property is to be utilized for a power station and car house by the Missouri Railroad Co., and the options on it were secured with that object in view several months ago. The time to close them had expired before the Union Depot ordinance was passed, and while the question of the location of the depot for improvement was pending the options were renewed, as the Missouri Railroad Co. did not propose to buy the ground unless it was secured by a title to the premises at Market and Eighteenth streets, where the new depot is to be built.

Since the Missouri Railroad Co.'s headquarters are to be located on Dexter street, it is more than probable the car stables on Lacadie and Vandeventer avenues will be abandoned. If that is done property in the immediate vicinity will be materially benefited by the change.

SALERS.

Bradley & Quinette report the following sales of property belonging to the estate of Hugh Redmond on Montrose avenue south of Clark:
The two-story brick dwelling and store building and 2x12 feet of ground, numbered 528 Montrose street, for \$2,500, to Peter McGauley, and the six-room stone-front dwelling and 2x12 feet lot at No. 530 Montrose avenue, from Mary O'Hearn and others, for \$3,000, to James Garrigan.
Lacadie avenue—No. 200, situated at the southwest corner of Garrison avenue, the two-story stone-front dwelling and 14x20 feet lot, property of the Redmond estate, sold for \$3,000 to Louis Bernero.

The E. C. Greer Real Estate Co. report the sale of a 5x200-foot lot, situated on the south line of Lexington avenue, 1,200 feet west of Sarah street, at \$3 a foot, from Caroline Eschminger to Jacob Bohlen, who is going to improve the locality.
A lot of 5x126 feet on the north side of Cottage avenue, between the Cote Brillante school-house and Marcus avenue, was sold at \$14 a foot by the Terry Bros. to Henry R. Kitchener.

R. M. Noonan reports the sale of a 2x140-foot lot, his own property, situated on the south side of Cox avenue, 90 feet east of Fenelon at \$40 a foot to Michael Cullane. Festus J. Wade is at Hot Springs.
B. F. Hammett returned home this morning from Kansas City.

Louis C. Haynes is in Kansas City, where he has gone to effect a sale of some St. Louis property which parties in the city by the law are trying to buy.

C. G. Nicholls reports the sale of the seven-room dwelling and 10x12 feet lot of ground, the property of Sylvester C. Judge, situated on the south line of Plymouth avenue, west of the St. Louis & Suburban Railway, for \$5,000, to Mrs. Laura C. Moore, who is going to make the place her home.

Water Filters.

Simmons Hardware Co.

HOTEL PERSONALS.

C. G. Varney, Chicago; M. B. Chapman, Little Rock; C. P. Hosmer, St. Joseph; and William Burnett, Denison, Tex., are at the Lacadie.

W. J. Davis, Walden, Mo.; R. S. Peale, Chicago; E. M. Wood, Boston; and W. B. Taylor, New York, are at the Lindell.

A. R. Sweet, New York; John M. Keith, Fort Smith; R. C. Hicks, St. Paul, Minn.; and A. P. Williams, Fort Wayne, are at the Southern.

Budweiser Restaurant.
Fine dinners, all delicacies, prompt service. Pierre Lambert, manager, sixth near Locust.

Deaths.

The following burial certificates were issued by the Health Department up to 3 p. m. to-day:
Henrich Tenenberger, 6 months, 1422 Blair avenue; pneumonia.
Alexander Parquette, 7 years, 3400 Hickory street; meningitis.

DR. PRICE'S DELICIOUS Flavoring Extracts

NATURAL FRUIT FLAVORS.

Vanilla—Of perfect purity.
Lemon—Of great strength.
Orange—Economy in their use.
Almond—Flavor as delicately and deliciously as the fresh fruit.

IT DON'T COST MUCH TO GET NICE PICTURES IF YOU GO TO HEFFERNAN'S 1010 OLIVE STREET.

A. WHIPPLE, PRINTER.

Telephone 1284. 217 N. 3d st.
Your orders solicited.

WM. D. BUCHANAN, CANDIDATE FOR HOUSE OF DELEGATES 27TH WARD.

Subject to the Decision of the Democratic Party.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

DOES CURE CONSUMPTION

In its First Stages.

Be sure you get the genuine.

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE PILL.

Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Biliousness, Headache, Stomach and Bowel Disorders. Sold everywhere. Price, 25 cents.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

HUDSON

LAUNDERED SHIRTS

100 dozen finely made, perfect fitting white laundered shirts, worth 75 cents. Go for 50c

3 cases of spring weight Merino Underwear, worth \$1.25 Go for 75c

MEN'S \$15, \$16 and \$18 All-Wool SUITS go for \$9.50

The richest values you ever bought! They are "Tailor made!" Standing on the very mountain tops of style and good service! They never should be sold for such a sum! And only the season's ending gives them to you at this tremendously low price!

Spring Suits.

Electric Blue Suits at \$15; cost you \$30 made to order. Black Cheviot Suits, all wool, fast color, at \$12; better than the best at \$15 elsewhere.

Splendid Spring Overcoats, \$5 to \$25.

Rich, solid blacks. Stylish, dusky olives. Luxurious, golden creams. Silver greys. Tuscan reds. Brownish yellow tans. Fine, neutral, aristocratic shades of drab, slate, smoke and similar colors! All these we have. And more. All made in the most exclusive styles. Prices always lowest.

See Our \$3.00 Stiff Hat. It goes this week at \$1.85.

Drives in Children's Suits, in Hats, in Everything.

Truly, Ours Is the Store to Trade at.

J. L. HUDSON, CLOTHIER,

406 and 408 NORTH BROADWAY. THE WORLD'S GREATEST RETAILER.

ASK FOR THIS BRAND

SWEET AND TENDER. NOT DRY AND SALTY.

GIVE THEM A TRIAL.

OUR HAMS AND BREAKFAST BACON are selected and cured in this way with the greatest care and attention, and we guarantee them to give satisfaction. If your grocer does not keep OUR BRAND OF HAMS notify us, and we will give you the address of one who does. SEE THAT THE ABOVE BRAND IS ON THE HAM.

COX & GORDON, Telephone 2209. 1015 South Third St.

C. D. Comfort & Co. MANUFACTURERS OF Jeans and Duck Clothing, SHIRTS, ETC.

Factory, N. W. Corner Twenty-second and Chestnut Streets.

Down-Town Sample Room, 422 Washington Ave., Room 54, N. E. Building.

Merchants will suit to their interest to purchase from the manufacturer and save the jobbers' profit for themselves.

DEATHS.

RISER—Of peritonitis, MARY CHAWFORD, wife of Charles T. Riser, aged 48 years. Due notice of funeral will be given.

CADEMARTORI—ANGELINA CATARINA CADEMARTORI (Americanized, Jennie Martini) died Wednesday morning, the 11th inst., at 3:15, after a lingering illness. Sister-in-law of C. E. Capelli, 1322 Chestnut street.

Due notice of funeral will be given.

DIXON—Tuesday, March 10, at 6:30 p. m., MARY, beloved wife of Patrick and mother of Margaret, P. H. and T. E. Dixon, aged 75 years.

Funeral from the family residence, 1921 Bridge street, Thursday, March 12, at 10:30 a. m., to St. Bridget's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

Albany (N. Y.) papers please copy.

HOGAN—On Tuesday, March 10, 1891, at 2:30 o'clock a. m., ELLIEN M. HOGAN, nee Condon, wife of Daniel Hogan, aged 20 years.

The funeral will take place Thursday, 12th inst., at 2 o'clock p. m., from residence, southeast corner Seventh and O'Fallon streets, to St. Patrick's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

LYNCH—On Wednesday, March 11, 1891, at 7:15 o'clock a. m., HUMPHREY J. LYNCH, husband of Mary Regina, and brother of Patrick J. Lynch (Engineer No. 22), Mrs. Matt Bonn and Daniel O'Connell, aged 49 years.

The funeral will take place Friday, the 14th inst., at 1:30 o'clock p. m., from residence, 1403 North Sixteenth street, to St. Lawrence O'Toole's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

MILLER—Wednesday, March 11, 1891, at 1 o'clock a. m., LEE, beloved wife of George Miller. Funeral Thursday, March 12, at 1 o'clock p. m., from family residence, 1300 Chestnut street.

RICHMAN—Wednesday, March 11, at 5 a. m., CHARLES RICHMAN, aged 27 years.

Funeral Friday, March 12, at 1 p. m., from residence, 1917 Warren street. Friends are invited.

SCHIEFFELDECKER—On Tuesday, March 10, at 8 o'clock p. m., THEO. B. SCHIEFFELDECKER, aged 54 years.

Funeral 12th inst., at 2 o'clock p. m., from residence, 2714 Wyoming street, to Church of the Holy Cross, corner Miami and Ohio avenues, thence to Lutheran Cemetery. Friends cordially invited.

SULLIVAN—After a lingering illness, March 10, 11:40 a. m., MARTIN, oldest daughter of Margaret and the late Daniel Sullivan.

Funeral Thursday, 9:30 a. m., from family residence, 917 North Irving avenue, to St. Bridget's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery.

RELIABLE TRUE TO NAME.

Call at our RETAIL STORE. Full Descriptive Catalogue FREE. Drop Postal Card for one and make your selection.

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Bedroom Suits, all woods.....\$10.00
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Double Beds, Mattress and Spring, complete.....4.50
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Wardrobes, large.....8.50
Extension Tables.....2.50
Sideboards.....13.00
Kitchen Safes.....2.75
Kitchen Chairs......25

Ingrain Carpets.....\$.20
Brussels Carpets......60
Velvet Carpets, English.....1.10
Oil Cloths......25
Lace Curtains.....1.00
Baby Carriages.....7.50
Refrigerators.....5.00
Center Tables.....1.50
Hat Racks.....5.00
All Other Goods at Equally Low Prices.

H. J. NATHAN & BRO., 1128-1130 Olive Street. Great Installment House, Weekly or Monthly Payments. Special Inducements to People Starting Housekeeping. Store Open Every Evening Until 9.

AMUSEMENTS.

POPE'S To-Night. Every night, Wednesday and Saturday Matinees.

MCCARTHY'S MISERIES. Barner Ferguson, Charles McCarthy, supported by Lizzie Daily, Margaret Ferguson and a Specialty. Comedy Company. Telephone, 1470. Sunday, Hallen & Hart.

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Every night 8:15 and Saturday Matinee. Boom Barlesque and Specialty

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CITY NEWS.
Dr. E. C. Chase.
 Corner of 9th and Olive streets, set of teeth, \$8.
 PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 414 Pine st.
Mercantile Havana Cigars.
 Fine imported tobacco and work combined in this cigar. Try them.

CARRIED AWAY GOODS.
Two Men Tell They Robbed Their Employer.
 The case wherein Geo. D. Wallace, Henry Yeager and Frank Harless are charged with having attempted to carry away the contents of Rumsey & Sike's mercantile establishment on Fourth street was ventilated in Justice Carroll's court yesterday afternoon. Wallace and Harless were working for the concern, and Yeager was an employee who was running a shop at 221 Franklin avenue. The two former would take goods from the establishment they were working for and send them out to Yeager's, dividing the proceeds. Mr. Sike, however, became suspicious and hired a private detective. The arrest of the three men followed. Yesterday both Harless and Yeager were on the stand and swore that they stole and sent the goods to Yeager, and that Yeager knew they were stolen. Here Mr. James Orr, the attorney for the plaintiff, desired to introduce Mr. Yeager's books, but Mr. Ben F. Clark objected, and taking them from the table sent them from the courtroom. This was in close imitation of the Yeager episode. The plaintiff had had possession of the books ever since the arrest on Feb. 19 last. The plaintiff's attorney objected, but the books were gone before his say was finished. Although both Harless and Wallace had stated that they did the stealing and that Yeager knew of it, the jury found for the defendant in the attachment contest, on which the case hinged. The day the arrest occurred Rumsey & Sike, by attachment process, took possession of everything in the Franklin avenue shop. A week ago the goods were sold for \$130, James P. Keane, Yeager's partner, being the purchaser. Wallace, Harless and Yeager will answer to the indictment for larceny in the criminal court, Wallace and Harless having signed a confession.

We Are Saving Money for the Clothing Buyers of St. Louis—Spring Suits Made to Order for \$25, \$30 and \$35.
 We are making a great display of spring woolsens this season. We are showing an unusual assortment of woolsens for \$25, \$30 and \$35 suits. We are saving you \$5 on every suit you have made in our house.
MILLS & AVERILL.
 S. E. Cor. Broadway and Pine St.

MUNICIPAL ASSEMBLY.
Mayor Noonan's Message in regard to the Revision of the Ordinances.
 The Council held its regular meeting last night with all the members present. Mayor Noonan sent a message stating that the next Council would have the task of revising the ordinances, and a bill was introduced to appoint a revisor. A number of railroad bills were returned with the Mayor's signature. The board ordinance for a bridge over the Wash at Duncan avenue was given first reading.
The Ways and Means Committee recommended leasing a portion of the wharf to J. E. Joy and a number of small claim bills.
 The Delmar extension bill was favorably reported by the committee on Public Improvements.
 The Cates avenue bill was laid over, as was also the Lindell and Broadway bridge bill. The bill increasing the salaries of the members of the Board of Public Improvements was amended making the Street Commissioner \$4,000 instead of \$3,500, and was ordered to engrossment.
 A protest against the Baden & St. Louis bill was read and the bill sent to engrossment.
The Merchants' Terminal Broadway Depot bill was laid over one meeting, and the Council adjourned until Friday.
 Twenty-one members of the House of Delegates were at the meeting last night. The message of the Mayor on the revisory session was received. An amendment reducing the relief bill of Mand material from \$20 to \$15,000 was concurred in. Mr. Quinn introduced a bill increasing the salary of the Bridge Inspector from \$1,800 to \$2,500 a year. Gen. Stevenson's sinking fund bill was passed by a number of minor matters were disposed of, and the House adjourned until Friday.

Water Filters.
 Simmons Hardware Co.

EASTER DATES.
Statistics as to its Earliest and Latest Possible Occurrence.
 The fact that Easter falls on a very early date this year (March 29) has caused a "friend of facts and figures" to collect some curious statistics. In 1883, he says, Easter fell on March 26, and it will not again occur until this century, namely, in 1934, fall on so early a date. In the three following centuries it will occur only eight times on the same date—namely, in 1981, 2038, 2095, 2152, 2209, 2266, 2323, 2380, 2437, 2494, 2551, 2608, 2665, 2722, 2779, 2836, 2893, 2950, 3007, 3064, 3121, 3178, 3235, 3292, 3349, 3406, 3463, 3520, 3577, 3634, 3691, 3748, 3805, 3862, 3919, 3976, 4033, 4090, 4147, 4204, 4261, 4318, 4375, 4432, 4489, 4546, 4603, 4660, 4717, 4774, 4831, 4888, 4945, 5002, 5059, 5116, 5173, 5230, 5287, 5344, 5401, 5458, 5515, 5572, 5629, 5686, 5743, 5800, 5857, 5914, 5971, 6028, 6085, 6142, 6200, 6257, 6314, 6371, 6428, 6485, 6542, 6600, 6657, 6714, 6771, 6828, 6885, 6942, 7000, 7057, 7114, 7171, 7228, 7285, 7342, 7400, 7457, 7514, 7571, 7628, 7685, 7742, 7800, 7857, 7914, 7971, 8028, 8085, 8142, 8200, 8257, 8314, 8371, 8428, 8485, 8542, 8600, 8657, 8714, 8771, 8828, 8885, 8942, 9000, 9057, 9114, 9171, 9228, 9285, 9342, 9400, 9457, 9514, 9571, 9628, 9685, 9742, 9800, 9857, 9914, 9971, 10028, 10085, 10142, 10200, 10257, 10314, 10371, 10428, 10485, 10542, 10600, 10657, 10714, 10771, 10828, 10885, 10942, 11000, 11057, 11114, 11171, 11228, 11285, 11342, 11400, 11457, 11514, 11571, 11628, 11685, 11742, 11800, 11857, 11914, 11971, 12028, 12085, 12142, 12200, 12257, 12314, 12371, 12428, 12485, 12542, 12600, 12657, 12714, 12771, 12828, 12885, 12942, 13000, 13057, 13114, 13171, 13228, 13285, 13342, 13400, 13457, 13514, 13571, 13628, 13685, 13742, 13800, 13857, 13914, 13971, 14028, 14085, 14142, 14200, 14257, 14314, 14371, 14428, 14485, 14542, 14600, 14657, 14714, 14771, 14828, 14885, 14942, 15000, 15057, 15114, 15171, 15228, 15285, 15342, 15400, 15457, 15514, 15571, 15628, 15685, 15742, 15800, 15857, 15914, 15971, 16028, 16085, 16142, 16200, 16257, 16314, 16371, 16428, 16485, 16542, 16600, 16657, 16714, 16771, 16828, 16885, 16942, 17000, 17057, 17114, 17171, 17228, 17285, 17342, 17400, 17457, 17514, 17571, 17628, 17685, 17742, 17800, 17857, 17914, 17971, 18028, 18085, 18142, 18200, 18257, 18314, 18371, 18428, 18485, 18542, 18600, 18657, 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